



# Camel Glass

## U-value Analysis of Timber Door

### Report is prepared on behalf of:

Bruce Dudman  
Trenant Industrial state  
Wadebridge  
Cornwall  
PL27 6HB

### Report prepared by:

Osama Alsheikh  
In the capacity of Façade Engineer on behalf of  
Wintech Limited  
Quartz House  
Pendeford Business Park  
Wobaston Road  
Wolverhampton  
WV9 5HA

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Rev No.	Issue Date	Contributors	Issue Notes
01	22 <sup>nd</sup> May 2019	OA/HB	First Issue

**Report prepared by:** Osama Alsheikh *BSc*  
*In the capacity of Façade Engineer*

**Checked by:** Hazim Bondoqji *MSc MSFE BSc*  
*Façade Engineer*

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## 1.0 Introduction

- 1.1 This report has been prepared by Mr Osama Alsheikh of Wintech Limited, following instruction from Mr Bruce Dudman of Camel Glass and Joinery Limited.
- 1.2 This report has been produced to calculate the thermal transmittance (U-value) of a single-open-in timber frame door.
- 1.3 Two-dimensional steady-state analyses have been undertaken to assess the overall thermal performance of the door.

## 2.0 Software

### 2.1 2-Dimensional Analysis

- 2.1.1 The software package 'Flixo' (version 8.0.923.1, Infomind), has been used to carry out the 2-dimensional steady-state simulations in order to obtain the U-values of the door components necessary to calculate the total U-value of the door. The 2-dimensional geometry is constructed by importing drawings from AutoCAD in "dxf" format. The process reduces curves to segmented lines, within limits set by the user. The software has been validated using the 10 examples within EN ISO 10077-2 2012.

### 3.0 References

- EN ISO 10077-1:2017 Thermal performance of windows, doors and shutters. Calculation of thermal transmittance – Part 1: General.
- EN ISO 10077-2:2017 Thermal performance of windows, doors and shutters — Calculation of thermal transmittance —Part 2: Numerical methods for frames.

## 4.0 Methodology

4.1 The U-value calculation was based on two typical details of door construction and product data sheet provided by Camel Glass Limited. Refer to Appendix B.

4.2 The two details have been analysed under the environment's criteria defined in BS EN ISO 10077-2:2017 with the following ambient air temperature conditions:

- External Temperature: 0 °C
- Internal Temperature: 20 °C

## 5.0 Symbols, Units

**Table5.1: Symbols and Units**

Symbol	Description	Unit
Qt	Total heat flow from simulation	W
A	Area of model	m <sup>2</sup>
ΔT	Temperature difference	K



## 6.0 U Value Result

- 6.1 In order to determine the overall U-value of the door, the U-value of the frame is calculated first for the head, the jambs, and the cill separately.
- 6.2 The head and the jambs details are similar (Sec A-A), therefore the U-value of the frame at both is identical and equal to 1.3 W/m<sup>2</sup>.K .
- 6.3 The U-value at the cill (Sec B-B) was calculated and found to be 3.92 W/m<sup>2</sup>.K .
- 6.4 The Panel incorporated in the door has a centre U-value of 0.486 W/m<sup>2</sup>.K .
- 6.5 The overall U-value of the door is 0.79 W/m<sup>2</sup>.K .
- 6.6 See Appendix A for calculation sheets.

## Appendix A

- U Value Reference Elevations, details and Calculation Sheets

Calculation of the door thermal transmittance

**Formula**

$$U_{tot} = (\sum U_f \cdot A_f + \sum U_p \cdot A_p) / A_{tot}$$

Project Name: | Camel Glass Door U-value analysis

**Where:**  
 $U_{tot}$  is the thermal transmittance whole door, in W/m<sup>2</sup>K  
 $U_f$  is the thermal transmittance of the frame section (including  $\Psi$ ), in W/m<sup>2</sup>K  
 $A_f$  is the projected width of the frame section, in m<sup>2</sup>  
 $U_p$  is the centre panel thermal transmittance, in W/m<sup>2</sup>K  
 $A_p$  is the visible width of the panel, in m<sup>2</sup>  
 $A_{tot}$  is the total area of the door, in m<sup>2</sup>

**Size:**  
 Width 1.275 m  
 Height 2.425 m

**Input:**

Framing:

Ref	Width	Height	Qty	Area	U-Value	U.A
Sec A-A	0.102	5.713	1	0.583	1.30	0.758
SecB-B	0.104	1.275	1	0.133	3.92	0.520

Panel:

Ref	Width	Height	Qty	Area	U-Value	U.A
P1	1.071	2.219	1	2.377	0.486	1.155

Total Frame Area 0.715 m<sup>2</sup>  
 Total Frame Heat Loss 1.277 W/k

Total panel Area 2.377 m<sup>2</sup>  
 Total panel Heat Loss 1.155 W/k

**Results:**

Total Area: 3.092 m<sup>2</sup>  
 Total Heat Loss: 2.432 W/k  
 $U_{tot} = 0.79$  W/m<sup>2</sup>K

**% Heat Loss**



Calculation of the door frame head and jambs thermal transmittance

**Formula**

$$U_f = (L_f^{2D} - U_p \cdot b_p) / b_f$$

**Where:**  $U_f$  is the thermal transmittance of the frame section (including  $\Psi$ ), in  $W/m^2K$   
 $L_f^{2D}$  is the thermal conductance of the section, in  $W/(m.K)$   
 $b_f$  is the projected width of the frame section, in m  
 $U_p$  is the centre panel thermal transmittance, in  $W/m^2K$   
 $b_p$  is the visible width of the panel, in m

$$L_f^{2D} = q_{tot} / \Delta\theta$$

**Where:**  $L_f^{2D}$  is the thermal conductance of the section, in  $W/(m.K)$   
 $q_{tot}$  is the simulated heat flow through the detail, in  $W/m$   
 $\Delta\theta$  is the internal ( $t_i$ ) to external ( $t_o$ ) temperature difference, in K

**Input:**

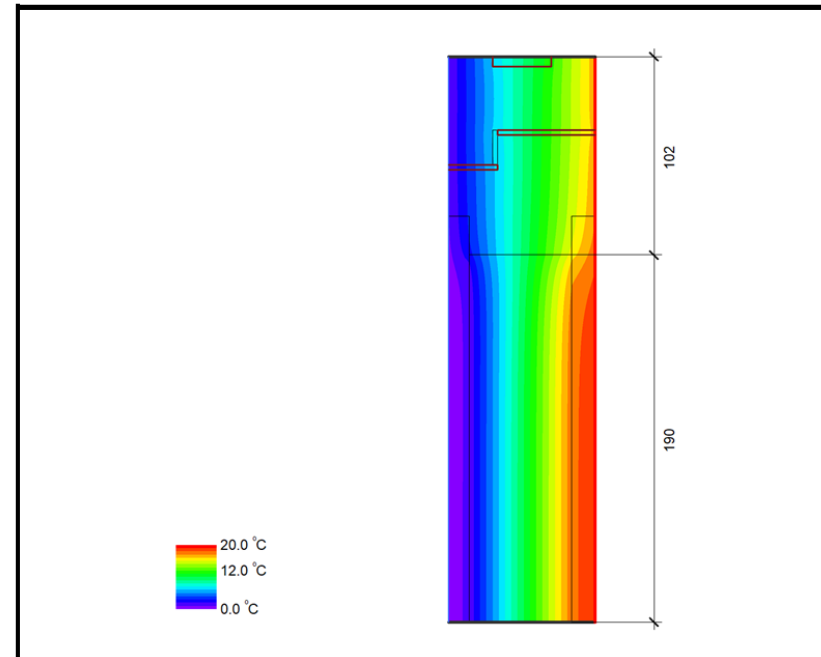
$q_{tot}$	=	4.526	W/m
$U_p$	=	0.486	$W/m^2K$
$\Delta\theta$	=	20	K
$b_p$	=	0.19	m
$b_f$	=	0.103	m

**Results:**

$L_f^{2D}$	=	0.226	$W/m.K$
$U_f$	=	1.30	$W/m^2K$

Project Name: Camel Glass door U-value

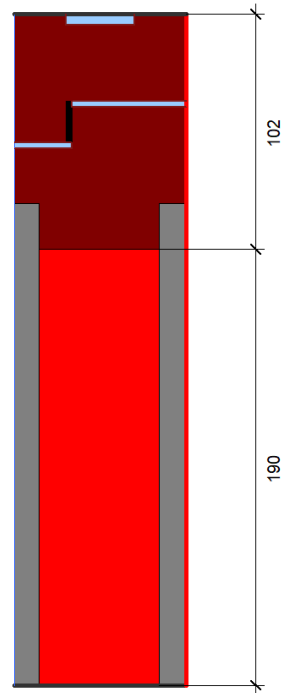
Detail Ref: Sec A-A



Calculation of the door frame cill thermal transmittance

<p><b>Formula</b></p> $U_f = (L_f^{2D} - U_p \cdot b_p) / b_f$ <p><b>Where:</b> <math>U_f</math> is the thermal transmittance of the frame section (including <math>\Psi</math>), in <math>W/m^2K</math>  <math>L_f^{2D}</math> is the thermal conductance of the section, in <math>W/(m.K)</math>  <math>b_f</math> is the projected width of the frame section, in m  <math>U_p</math> is the centre panel thermal transmittance, in <math>W/m^2K</math>  <math>b_p</math> is the visible width of the panel, in m</p> <p><math>L_f^{2D} = q_{tot} / \Delta\theta</math></p> <p><b>Where:</b> <math>L_f^{2D}</math> is the thermal conductance of the section, in <math>W/(m.K)</math>  <math>q_{tot}</math> is the simulated heat flow through the detail, in <math>W/m</math>  <math>\Delta\theta</math> is the internal (<math>t_i</math>) to external (<math>t_o</math>) temperature difference, in K</p> <p><b>Input:</b></p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td><math>q_{tot}</math></td><td>=</td><td>9.996</td><td>W/m</td></tr> <tr><td><math>U_p</math></td><td>=</td><td>0.486</td><td><math>W/m^2K</math></td></tr> <tr><td><math>\Delta\theta</math></td><td>=</td><td>20</td><td>K</td></tr> <tr><td><math>b_p</math></td><td>=</td><td>0.19</td><td>m</td></tr> <tr><td><math>b_f</math></td><td>=</td><td>0.104</td><td>m</td></tr> </table> <p><b>Results:</b></p> <p><math>L_f^{2D} = 0.500 \text{ W/m.K}</math></p> <p><math>U_f = 3.92 \text{ W/m}^2K</math></p>	$q_{tot}$	=	9.996	W/m	$U_p$	=	0.486	$W/m^2K$	$\Delta\theta$	=	20	K	$b_p$	=	0.19	m	$b_f$	=	0.104	m	<p><b>Project Name:</b> Camel Glass door U-value</p> <p><b>Detail Ref:</b> Sec B-B</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin-top: 20px;"> </div>
$q_{tot}$	=	9.996	W/m																		
$U_p$	=	0.486	$W/m^2K$																		
$\Delta\theta$	=	20	K																		
$b_p$	=	0.19	m																		
$b_f$	=	0.104	m																		

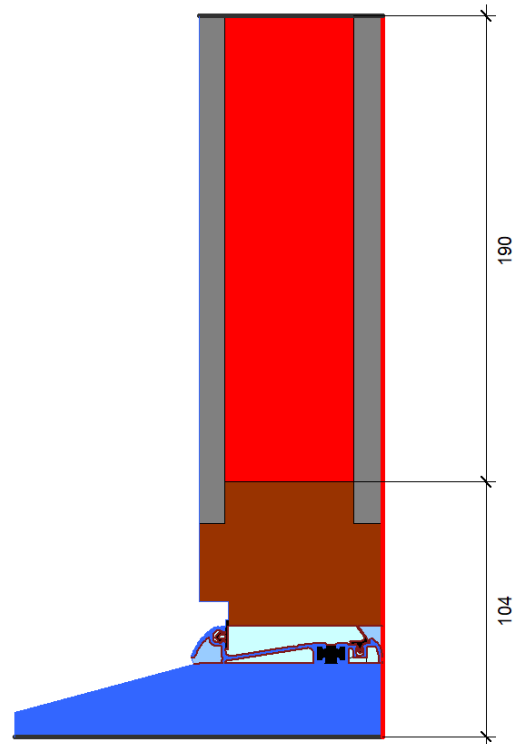
Sec A-A



Material	$\lambda$ [W/(m·K)]	$\epsilon$	Boundary Condition	$q$ [W/m <sup>2</sup> ]	$\theta$ [°C]	$R$ [(m <sup>2</sup> ·K)/W]	$\epsilon$
Accoya Timber	0.120	0.900	Epsilon 0.9				0.900
EPDM	0.250	0.900	Exterior	0.000	0.040		
Extruded Polystyrene	0.031	0.900	Interior, normal, horizontal	20.000	0.130		
Slightly ventilated air cavity **			Symmetry/Model section	0.000			
Tricoya	0.114	0.900					

\*\* EN ISO 10077-2:2017, 6.4.3/anisotrop

Sec B-B



Material	$\lambda$ [W/(m·K)]	$\epsilon$	Boundary Condition	$q$ [W/m <sup>2</sup> ]	$\theta$ [°C]	$R$ [(m <sup>2</sup> ·K)/W]	$\epsilon$
Accoya timber	0.120	0.900	Epsilon 0.9				0.900
Aluminium	160.000	0.900	Exterior	0.000	0.040		
EPDM	0.250	0.900	Interior, normal, horizontal	20.000	0.130		
Extruded polystyrene	0.031	0.900	Symmetry/Model section	0.000			
Slightly ventilated air cavity **							
Tricoya	0.114	0.900					
Unventilated air cavity **							

\*\* EN ISO 10077-2:2017, 6.4.3/anisotrop

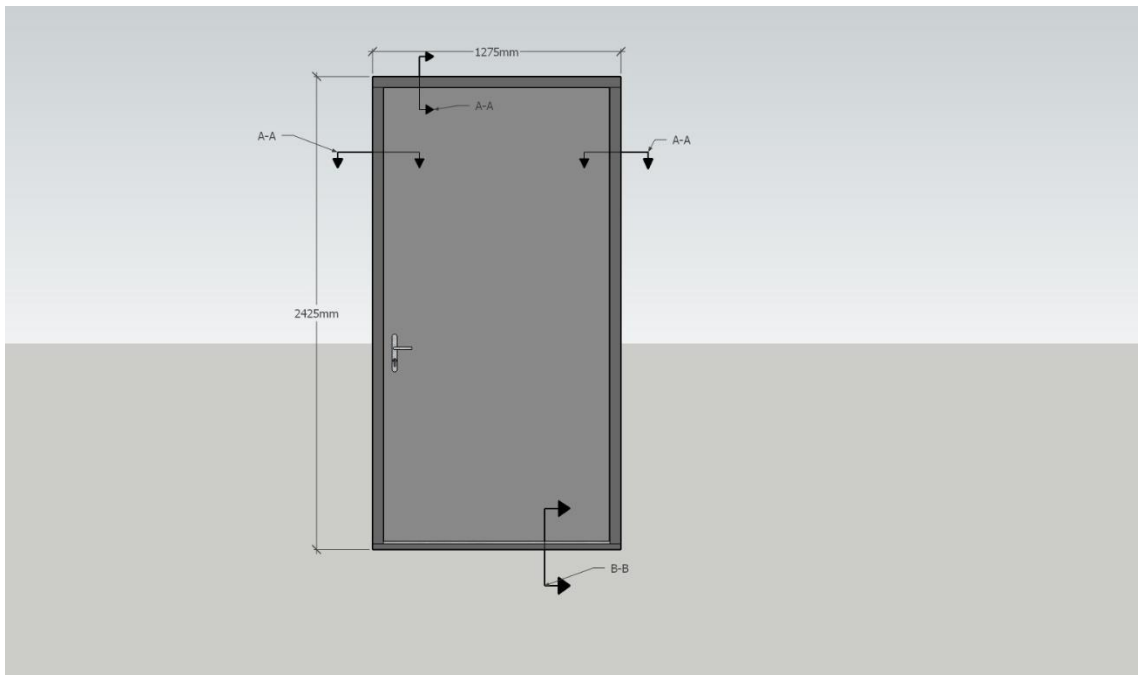
## Appendix B

- Thermal properties of the door components

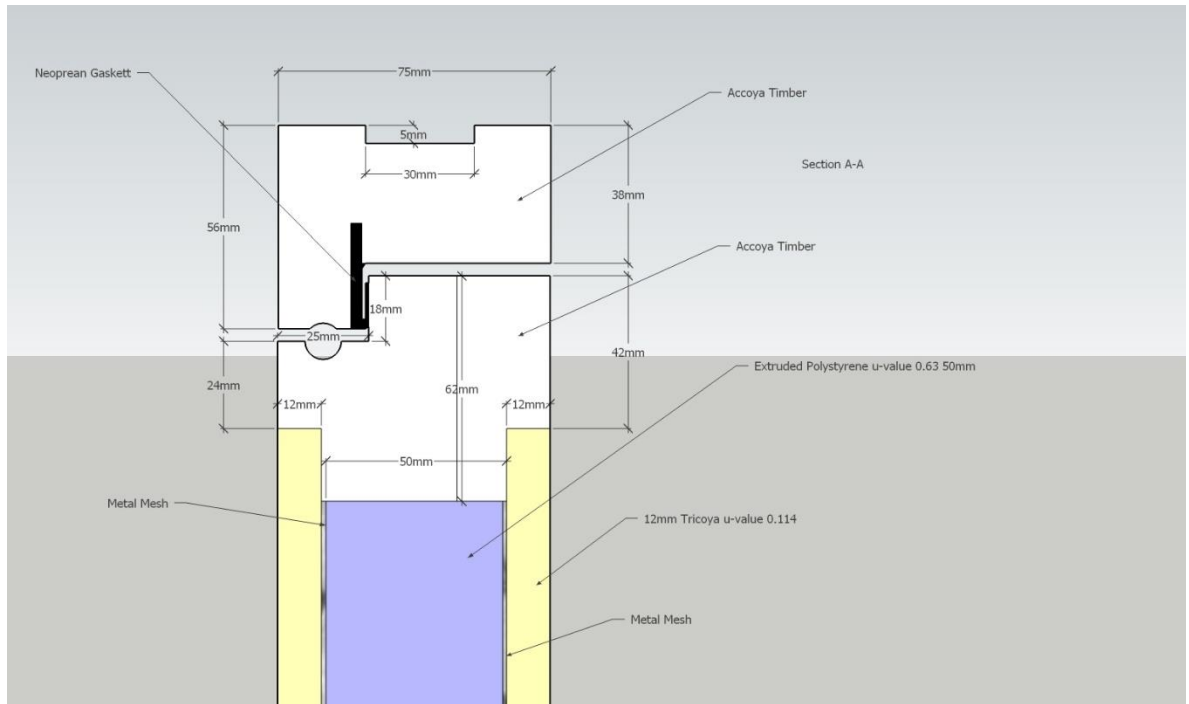


Component	Thermal conductivity (W/m2.K)
Accoya timber frame	0.12
Smart aluminium cill ETC457	160
Tricoya timber panel facings	0.114
Extruded polystyrene Insulation	0.031
EPDM gasket seals	0.25

• Door Elevation



• Sec A-A



• Sec B-B

